










phyloXML

www.phyloxml.org

Christian Zmasek

Ethalinda Cannon

Overview

-  Motivation
-  Current string representations of phylogenies
-  NHX (the father of phyloXML)
-  XML for phylogenies?
-  Basics of phyloXML
-  PhyloXML example
-  phylogeny, clade, and branch elements
-  Noteworthy (?)
-  Current status

Motivation I

- Phylogenetic trees used in phylogenomic studies are annotated with various fields, such as:
 - Nodes:
 - (sequence) name
 - taxonomy
 - gene duplication vs speciation
 - Branches:
 - branch length
 - support values (such as bootstrap values)

Motivation II

- Many other node data fields have been requested:
 - GO annotation
 - EC numbers
 - domain structure
 - sequence
 - 'function'
 - URLs
 - ...

Some current formats to describe phylogenies

- New Hampshire
- NEXUS
- New Hampshire X (NHX):
 - New Hampshire eXtended
 - Developed for phylogenomics
 - Input and output for tree view tool ATV, SDI implementation

Example of NHX (or ...lots of tiny Anacondas)

gene name
ADH-3:0.12 [&&NHX:S=Anaconda
:E=1.1.1.1:C=0.0.255:W=5 species
:XN=L=population=18434
:XN=D=weight=45.6=g] branch width
EC number color (red.green.blue)
Custom property 1: Population size
Custom property 2: Animal weight in grams

Existing XMLs for trees

- "Taxonomic Markup Language" by R. Gilmour (Bioinformatics Vol. 16 no. 4 2000): for taxonomic data.
- <http://evolution.genetics.washington.edu/phylip/doc/retree.html> mentions a "PhyloXML".

Basics

- phyloXML is similar to the one mentioned by Joe Felsenstein in his book "Inferring Phylogenies".
- Example:

```
<phylogeny>
  <clade>
    <clade>
      <clade><name>A</name></clade>
      <clade><name>B</name></clade>
      <name>ab</name>
    </clade>
  ...
```


phyloXML example

```
<phyloxml>
  <phylogeny>
    <name>example</name>
    <description>this is in phyloXML</description>
    <clade>
      <clade branch_length="0.06">
        <clade branch_length="0.102">
          <name>A</name>
        </clade>
        <clade branch_length="0.23">
          <name>B</name>
        </clade>
      </clade>
      <clade branch_length="0.4">
        <name>C</name>
      </clade>
    </clade>
  </phylogeny>
</phyloxml>
```

phylogeny elements:

- name
- description
- support
- URI
- custom
- ##other
- clade

clade elements:

- name
- taxonomy (common name, scientific name, rank, distribution, ...)
- sequence (name, GO term, EC number, location, support)
- event (name, support)
- custom
- support
- URI
- branch
- ##other
- clade

branch elements:

- length
- support
- custom (name, value, support)

please note...

- most elements have `id_ref` and `id` attributes, thus:
 - description of networks is possible (`clade` can have a parent determined by hierarchical structure **and/or** parents set via `clade_ref` of its `branch(es)`)
 - trees can be either described in a flat or hierarchical manner
- no agreement among users where to place branch length value, hence phyloXML allows:
 - a `branch_length` attribute of `clade` (easy)
 - or branch lengths can be set via `branch_length` element of `branch` (flexible)

Extensibility

- `custom` element (of phylogeny, clade, branch, sequence, taxonomy)
- `##other`

Current status

- Current version: 0.06 (level 1)
- phyloXML is enforced by a schema
- ATV (based on FORESTER package) is being updated to support phyloXML input, output and conversion
- Joe Felsenstein promised phyloXML output for PHYLIP

Acknowledgments

Joe Felsenstein , Arlin Stoltzfus, Todd Vision, Hilmar Lapp, Jason Stajich, Jim Leebens-Mack, Steven Cannon, Rod Page, Mark Miller, Marcus Daniels, Korbinian Strimmer, David Hillis, Wayne Maddison, Daniel Huson, Jim Pitman, Tim Hughes, Julian Humphries, Jonathan Eisen, Kimmen Sjölander, ...

Sean Eddy, Adam Gozik, Burnham Institute for Medical Research